C03C

CHEMICAL COMPOSITION OF GLASSES, GLAZES, OR VITREOUS ENAMELS; SURFACE TREATMENT OF GLASS; SURFACE TREATMENT OF FIBRES OR FILAMENTS FROM GLASS, MINERALS OR SLAGS; JOINING GLASS TO GLASS OR OTHER MATERIALS

Definition statement

This subclass/group covers: Chemical composition of

- -glasses, glazes, vitreous enamels, frit compositions,
- devitrified glass ceramics
- structured glass such s powdered glass, multi-cellular, beads, fibres or filaments of glass
- -glass with special properties such as coloured, photosensitive, luminescent, dielectric, ion-sensitive, chemical resistant

Surface treatment of glass, surface treatment of fibres or filaments from glass, minerals or slags

- coating with various materials
- mechanical treatment of glass
- diffusion of ions or metals into the surface
- -drying, dehydration
- -chemical treatment such as etching
- -cleaning

Joining glass to glass or other materials by fusing, by specially adapted adhesive, interlayer

Joining metals with the aid of glass

Relationship between large subject matter areas

- Ceramics, defined as mono or polycrystalline material, do not fall in the definition of <u>C03C</u> and are covered by <u>C04B 35/00</u>.
- Laminates (or layered material) do not correspond to coatings on glass and are covered by <u>B32B</u>.

- Coatings of fabrics (including made of glass fibers) is part of <u>D06M</u>.
- Aspects relating to manufacture of glass (processes, furnace, shaping...) are covered by <u>C03B</u>.

References relevant to classification in this subclass

This subclass/group does not cover:

Processes for making glass	<u>C03B</u>
Laminated material with one layer of glass	B32B 17/00
Inks	<u>C09D 5/00</u> or <u>C09D 11/00</u>
Mats made of glass fibers	<u>D21H 13/40</u>
Organic glasses	<u>C08L</u>
Amorphous metals, metallic glasses	<u>B22F</u> or <u>C22C</u>
Coating of fabrics	<u>D06M</u>

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Insulating glazings	E06B 3/00
Electrodes for solar cells, OLED	H01L 51/52
Low temp. cofired ceramics LTCC	H05K 1/16, H01G 4/12, C04B 35/468, H01L 23/488
Optical elements	<u>G02B 5/00</u>
Photomasks	<u>G03F 1/00</u>
Pigments	<u>C09K</u>

Special rules of classification within this subclass

In the group C03C 14/00 and its subgroups, the treshold for classifiying a

material as inorganic glas is that it comprises at least 50%. In the other groups of $\underline{\text{C03C}}$, glass is the only material.

Multilayer coating of glass articles is classified in CO3C, e.g. CO3C 17/34 subgroups and laminates are classified in B32B. A coating formed directly onto a substrate layer, which at the moment of its contact with the substrate does not have the form of a layer is not classified in B32B (layer is defined in glossary of terms section in B32B).

The database SADIQ is used in combination with classes <u>C03C 3/00</u>, <u>C03C 8/00</u>, <u>C03C 10/00</u>, <u>C03C 11/00</u>, <u>C03C 12/00</u>, <u>C03C 13/00</u> and <u>C03C 14/00</u>. Documents containing compositions of glass, enamel, glaze, devitrified glass, glass fiber are classified in SADIQ. The rules applied to index in SADIQ are:

- Documents claiming one or a range of composition(s) of glass, enamel, glaze, devitrified glass, glass fiber or documents describing such compositions which are not already part of prior art (e.g. commercialised products, well-known compositions) are indexed.
- One SADIQ record per (range of) compositions, including the optional components present in examples. A single document may correspond to several SADIQ records if it contains several compositions.
- The SADIQ record contains the document identifier (patent number or XP number for non-patent literature), the title, the publication date, the composition, the applications and properties if relevant, further information in INF field (such as ratio of FeO/Fe2O3, sum of components not predefined in the composition part or further properties/applications not listed before.)
- The composition in SADIQ is entered in weight percents for oxide or oxyhalide glasses
- The composition in SADIQ is entered in mol percents for fluoride glasses
- The composition in SADIQ is entered in atomic percents for chalcogenide glasses.
- See the SADIQ factsheet for further information.

Glossary of terms

In this subclass/group, the following terms (or expressions) are used with the meaning indicated:

Glass	amorphous material
Glass-ceramics	material having a crystalline phase dispersed in a glassy phase and obtained after formation of a solid glass

C03C 1/00

Ingredients generally applicable to manufacture of glasses, glazes, or vitreous enamels

Definition statement

This subclass/group covers:

Components, batch material which eventually become part of a glass. This subgroup covers the group CO3C 6/00 in IPC.

References relevant to classification in this group

This subclass/group does not cover:

Processes to produce glass by wet route (sol-gel)	C03B 19/12
Mechanical treatment of raw material (e.g. pelletisation)	C03B 1/00

C03C 3/00

Glass compositions

Definition statement

This subclass/group covers:

Compositions of glass.

References relevant to classification in this group

This subclass/group does not cover:

Compositions of ceramics	<u>C04B 35/00</u>
Compositions of glass-ceramics	C03C 10/00
Compositions of enamels, frits	C03C 8/00
Compositions of glass fibers	<u>C03C 13/00</u>

Special rules of classification within this group

- Classes are given according to examples of the invention (not comparative examples), not according to the general range of compositions
- Indexing Code <u>C03C 2201/00</u>, <u>C03C 2203/00</u> and <u>C03C 2204/00</u> if necessary with class <u>C03C 3/06</u>
- If both the glass and the frit composition are claimed, classification is given in both <u>C03C 8/00</u> and <u>C03C 3/00</u> (or <u>C03C 10/00</u>)
- Documents containing glass compositions and receiving a class in C03C 3/00 are indexed in SADIQ. In classes C03C 3/23 and C03C 3/247, compositions are often expressed in ionic percents, which is not compatible with SADIQ; in this case, the relevant class is given, but the composition is not entered in SADIQ.

Glossary of terms

In this subclass/group, the following terms (or expressions) are used with the meaning indicated:

Glass	amorphous material

C03C 4/00

Compositions for glass with special properties

Definition statement

This subclass/group covers:

Glass with special properties, e.g UV absorbing, bioactive glass, The special properties are related to chemical, biological, physical properties, e.g. biodegradable, coloured, photosensitive, dielectic

Relationship between large subject matter areas

Classification is made in C03C 4/00 in combination with relevant classes in C03C 3/00, C03C 8/00 and C03C 10/00.

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Laser glass	H01S 3/17

Special rules of classification within this group

Indexing Code C03C 2204/00 used in combination with C03C 4/00.

C03C 8/00

Enamels; Glazes (cold glazes for ceramics [N: C04B41/48]); Fusion seal compositions being frit compositions having non-frit additions

Definition statement

This subclass/group covers:

Composition of enamels, glazes, fusion seal being compositions being frit compositions having non-frit additions

References relevant to classification in this group

This subclass/group does not cover:

Cold glazes for ceramics	C04B 41/48

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Electrodes	H01L 31/0224
Conductive bodies	H01B 1/00
Fuel cells	H01M 8/028

Special rules of classification within this group

- Glass solders, compositions for sealing fuel cells or barrier ribs are covered by subgroup <u>C03C 8/24</u>.
- If both the glass and the frit composition are claimed, classification is given in both C03C 8/00 and C03C 3/00 or C03C 10/00.
- Indexing Code <u>C03C 2204/00</u>, <u>C03C 2205/00</u>, <u>C03C 2207/00</u> and <u>C03C 2209/00</u> are used in combination with <u>C03C 8/00</u>.

 Documents containing frit compositions and receiving a class in <u>C03C</u> 8/00 are indexed in SADIQ.

Synonyms and Keywords

In patent documents the word "vehicle" and "solvent" are often used as synonyms.

C03C 10/00

Devitrified glass ceramics, i.e. glass ceramics having a crystalline phase dispersed in a glassy phase and constituting at least 50% by weight of the total composition

Definition statement

This subclass/group covers:

Devitrified glass compositions, whatever the % of crystalline phase in the glass (amorphous) phase is.

Compositions containing crytalline phase embedded in a glassy (amorphous) phase, which crytalline phase is produced by cooling a molten glass composition to a temperature which causes a portion only of the composition to crystallize while the remainder of the composition (the matrix) solidified in the amorphous or glass state)

References relevant to classification in this group

This subclass/group does not cover:

Ceramics	C04B 35/00
Processes for making glass-ceramics	C03B 32/00

Special rules of classification within this group

- Subgroups <u>C03C 10/0054</u> to <u>C03C 10/16</u> can be combined with subgroups <u>C03C 10/0009</u> to <u>C03C 10/0045</u> if applicable.
- Classes are given according to examples of the invention (not comparative examples), not according to the general range of compositions.
- Indexing Code <u>C03C 2204/00</u> are used in combination with <u>C03C 10/00</u>.
- Documents containing glass compositions and receiving a class in

C03C 10/00 are indexed in SADIQ.

Synonyms and Keywords

In patent documents the word "glass-ceramics" and "devitrified glass" are often used as synonyms.

C03C 11/00

Multi-cellular glass; [N: Porous or hollow glass or glass particles]

Definition statement

This subclass/group covers:

Multi-cellular glass, e.g. Hollow glass, hollow glass particles, porous glass, porous glass particles, foam glass.

Compositions other than glass compositions which are multicellular, or which are to be further treated to produce multicellular products, or processes for producing such products.

Note: a positive pore-forming step is required for classifying a claim herein and porosity due to the presence of a naturally porous substance is not sufficient for classifying herein.

References relevant to classification in this group

This subclass/group does not cover:

Manufacture of muti-cellular glass	<u>C03B</u>

Special rules of classification within this group

Documents containing glass compositions and receiving a class in C03C 11/00 are indexed in SADIQ.

C03C 12/00

Powdered glass (C03C8/02 takes precedence); Bead compositions

Definition statement

This subclass/group covers:

Compositions of glass as powder (except glaze, enamel, sealing), of glass as bead and flake.

Frit compositions (glaze, enamels, sealing) are classified in <u>C03C 8/00</u> subgroups.

Subject matter wherein the glass is present in the form of discrete lumps or small shaped self-supporting pieces larger than what may be considered as powder or compositions specifically intended to be made into beads.

References relevant to classification in this group

This subclass/group does not cover:

Frit compositions	C03C 8/00

Special rules of classification within this group

Documents containing glass compositions and receiving a class in <u>C03C</u> 12/00 are indexed in SADIQ.

C03C 13/00

Fibre or filament compositions (manufacture of fibres or filaments C03B37/00)

Definition statement

This subclass/group covers:

- Compositions of fibre or filaments, e.g. glass-ceramic fibres, fibre optics, mineral fibres
- C03C 13/001 covers alkali-resistant fibres and fibers resisting to a low pH

References relevant to classification in this group

This subclass/group does not cover:

Manufacture of fibres or filaments	C03B 37/00

Special rules of classification within this group

- Man-made mineral fibers are classified in <u>C03C 13/00</u>. Fibers from natural origin (e.g. from basalt) are classified in <u>C03C 13/06</u>.
- Indexing Code <u>C03C 2213/00</u> are used in combination with <u>C03C 13/00</u>.

- Documents containing glass compositions and receiving a class in <u>C03C 13/00</u> are indexed in SADIQ.
- If both the glass composition and the fiber are claimed, classification is given in both C03C 13/00 and C03C 3/00 or C03C 10/00.

Glossary of terms

In this subclass/group, the following terms (or expressions) are used with the meaning indicated:

glass fiber containing further components besides SiO2 (e.g. doped)

C03C 14/00

Glass compositions containing a non-glass component, e.g. compositions containing fibres, filaments, whiskers, platelets, or the like, dispersed in a glass matrix (devitrified glass ceramics C03C10/00)

Definition statement

This subclass/group covers:

Glass compositions containing non-glass components, e.g. fibres, whiskers, the percentage of glass in the composition being at least 50%

References relevant to classification in this group

Glass-ceramics	C03C 10/00

Special rules of classification within this group

- Indexing Code <u>C03C 2214/00</u> and <u>C03C 2214/20</u> used in combination with <u>C03C 14/00</u>.
- Documents containing glass compositions and receiving a class in C03C 14/00 are indexed in SADIQ.

C03C 15/00

Surface treatment of glass, not in the form of fibres or filaments, by etching (etching or surface-brightening

compositions, in general C09K13/00)

Definition statement

This subclass/group covers:

Etching by chemical means and by dry methods ,e.g. laser gaseous or plasma etching

References relevant to classification in this group

This subclass/group does not cover:

Mechanical treatments of glass	C03C 19/00
Leaching of glass	C03C 23/008
Cleaning of glass	C03C 23/0075
Etching or surface-brightening compositions, in general	C09K 13/00

Glossary of terms

In this subclass/group, the following terms (or expressions) are used with the meaning indicated:

Etching	taking away part of the glass, independently of nature of ions
Chemical etching	Any intentional change of shape of an glass article or substrate by the removal of material involving a chemical reaction or physical solvation using a chemical agent (the etchant)
Leaching	taking away specific ions of the glass
Cleaning	taking away matter that does not form part of the glass

C03C 17/00

Surface treatment of glass, not in the form of fibres or

filaments, by coating (optical coatings of optical elements G02B1/10)

Definition statement

This subclass/group covers:

Surface treatment by coating on a glass substrate that is not in the form of fibers or filaments, the base material being the glass substrate, e.g. flat glass, glass container, bottle.

No adhesive is used when coating, e.g. plating of nickel on glass is considered as a coating obtained by plating and is classified in this group

Relationship between large subject matter areas

Surface treatment of glass, not in the form of fibres or filaments other than by coating are classified in other subgroups of C03C, e.g. surface treatment of glass by meachnical means is classified in C03C 19/00, surface treatment of glass by thermal treatment is classified in C03C 23/007

References relevant to classification in this group

This subclass/group does not cover:

Laminates	<u>B32B</u>
Coating on a metallic substrate	<u>C23D</u>
Coating on a plastic substrate	<u>C08J 7/00</u>
Coating on a ceramic substrate	C04B
Coating on a fabric	<u>D06M</u>
Optical coatings of optical elements	G02B 1/10

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Coating apparatus by sputtering or vapour phase	C23C 14/00, C23C 16/00
Coating of solar cells	H01L 31/0216
Coatings on glass bottles	B65D 23/08

Special rules of classification within this group

- All coatings in <u>C03C 17/36</u> are classified in <u>C03C 17/36</u> and below if appropriate.
- Indexing Code <u>C03C 2217/00</u> and <u>C03C 2218/00</u> are used in combination with <u>C03C 17/00</u>.

C03C 19/00

Surface treatment of glass, not in the form of fibres or filaments, by mechanical means (sand-blasting, grinding, or polishing glass B24)

Definition statement

This subclass/group covers:

Mechanical treatment of glass surface,

References relevant to classification in this group

This subclass/group does not cover:

Sand-blasting, grinding, or polishing glass	B24
Polishing compositions	<u>C09G 1/00</u>

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Grinding, crushing	<u>B02C</u>

C03C 21/00

Treatment of glass, not in the form of fibres or filaments, by diffusing ions or metals in the surface

Definition statement

This subclass/group covers:

Diffusion of ions or metals in the surface of the glass in liquid, gaseous and solid phase e.g. ion-exchange in glass..

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Processes and apparatus for	<u>B01J 47/00</u>
ion-exchange	

C03C 23/00

Other surface treatment of glass not in the form of fibres or filaments

Definition statement

This subclass/group covers:

Treatments of glass not in form or fibres or filaments not covered elsewhere in CO3C, surface and inside treatment of the glass.

References relevant to classification in this group

This subclass/group does not cover:

Fire-polishing of glass	<u>C03B</u>
Pretreatment before coating glass (e.g. cleaning)	C03C 2218/31
Etching glass	<u>C03C 15/00</u>

Glossary of terms

In this subclass/group, the following terms (or expressions) are used with the meaning indicated:

In this group, the following terms are used with the meaning indicated:

Etching	taking away part of the glass, independently of nature of ions
Leaching	taking away specific ions of the glass
Cleaning	taking away matter that does not form

part of the glass

Synonyms and Keywords

In patent documents the following words: "Lixiviation", "skeletonization " and " leaching" are often used as synonyms.

C03C 25/00

Surface treatment of fibres or filaments from glass, minerals, or slags [N: (woven fabrics D03; non-woven fabrics D04; treatment of fabrics in general or non-chemical aspects of treatment of glass fabrics D06M)]

Definition statement

This subclass/group covers:

Coating and other surface treatment applied to glass fibers and glass filaments, fibers being single fibers or bundle of fibers

References relevant to classification in this group

This subclass/group does not cover:

Coating on fabrics	<u>D06M</u>

Special rules of classification within this group

- <u>C03C 25/26</u>: all sizing compositions should be classified in this class and additionally in the subgroups if appropriate
- Coatings on optical glass fibers are solely to be classified in <u>C03C</u> <u>25/104</u> and subgroups.
- Ion exchange for fibers is classified in <u>C03C 25/60</u>, the coating being at the surface of the fibers or penetrating into the body of the fibers.
- Treatment of mat comprising glass fibers (woven or non woven) is not classified in <u>C03C</u>, but in <u>D06M</u>

C03C 27/00

Joining pieces of glass to pieces of other inorganic material; Joining glass to glass other than by fusing (C03C17/00 takes

precedence; layered structures comprising at least one glass sheet B32B17/00; wired glass C03B; joining glass to ceramics C04)

Definition statement

This subclass/group covers:

- Joining glass to glass, e.g. with the aid of adhesive,
- Joining glass to metal, e.g. by fusing, by an interlayer
- Joining glass to other inorganic material except glass to ceramics.
- The IPC class <u>C03C 27/12</u> is covered by <u>B32B 17/00</u>.

Relationship between large subject matter areas

Joining of two pieces of glass by fusing is classified in C03B

References relevant to classification in this group

This subclass/group does not cover:

Joining glass to ceramics	C04
Laminated glass	B32B 17/00
Wired glass	<u>C03B</u>

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Sealing of discharge tubes	H01J 9/24
Sealing for car windows	B60J 1/00

C03C 29/00

Joining metals with the aid of glass

Definition statement

This subclass/group covers:

Sealing two parts of metal with the aid of glass.